

The duration of yellow light change interval at Cary Town Blvd and Convention is less than the minimum required by law.

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SL2001-286, Section 3

(b) Any traffic control photographic system or any device which is a part of that system, as described in subsection (a) of this section, installed on a street or highway which is a part of the State highway system shall meet requirements established by the North Carolina Department of Transportation. *Any traffic control system installed on a municipal street shall meet standards established by the municipality and shall be consistent with any standards set by the Department of Transportation.*

(e) The duration of the yellow light change interval at intersections where traffic control photographic systems are in use shall be no less than the yellow light change interval duration specified in the *Design Manual developed by the Signals and Geometrics Section of the North Carolina Department of Transportation.*

SL2004-141, Section 3

(e) The duration of the yellow light change interval at intersections where traffic control photographic systems are in use shall be no less than the yellow light change interval duration specified on the *traffic signal plan of record signed and sealed by a licensed North Carolina Professional Engineer* in accordance with Chapter 89C of the General Statutes, and shall be in full conformance with the requirements of the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices.

Town of Cary Charter. Section 8.15. A repeat of SL2001-286

(b) Any traffic control photographic system or any device which is a part of that system, as described in subsection (a) of this section, installed on a street or highway which is a part of the state highway system shall meet requirements established by the North Carolina Department of Transportation. *Any traffic control system installed on a street within the Town of Cary shall meet standards established by the Town of Cary and shall be consistent with any standards set by the Department of Transportation.*

(e) The duration of the yellow light change interval at intersections where traffic control photographic systems are in use shall be no less than the yellow light change interval duration specified in the *Design Manual developed by the Signals and Geometrics Section of the North Carolina Department of Transportation.*

NCDOT Signal Guidelines

http://www.ncdot.gov/doh/preconstruct/altern/design_build/SignalGuidelines0509.pdf

Ensure the development of the Traffic Signal & Intelligent Transportation System plans are in compliance with the most current:

Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways
North Carolina Supplement to the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways
NCDOT Traffic Signal Specifications and all addenda
NCDOT Intelligent Transportation and Signal Systems Unit Design Manual
National Electrical Safety Code
National Electric Code
NCDOT Roadway Standard Drawings
NCDOT Standard Specifications for Roads and Structures

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All Traffic Signal Plans shall be sealed by the Engineer. The Engineer must be duly registered to practice engineering in North Carolina.

Determination of Yellow Change and Red Clearance Intervals

| <div> <div>Yellow Change Interval</div> <div> $\text{Yellow interval} = t + \frac{v}{2a + 64.4g}$ <p>t = perception reaction time, typically 1.5 seconds v = design speed*, in ft/sec a = deceleration rate, typically 11.2 ft/sec² g = grade</p> <p>Round up to nearest 0.1 second.</p> <p>Minimum yellow change interval is 3.0 seconds.</p> <p>Hold stakeholder discussion** when calculated yellow change interval is longer than 6.0 seconds.</p> </div> </div> | <div> <div>Notes</div> <div> <p>*Design speed is the speed limit unless a speed study determines that the 85th percentile speed is faster or intersection geometrics compel vehicles to traverse the intersection slower.</p> <p>**The purpose of a stakeholder discussion is to provide advance notification and involvement to stakeholders and provide an opportunity to consider possible countermeasures.</p> <p>For most left turn lanes, assume a speed of 20 mph (32 kph) to 30 mph (48 kph). For locations with unusual conditions a higher or lower speed may be appropriate.</p> <p>For separate left turn phases, calculate yellow and red intervals.</p> <p>For left turns without a separate phase, calculate yellow and red times for both the through movement and the left turn movement. Use the highest yellow and enough red to equal the highest total time.</p> </div> </div> |
|--|---|
| <div> <div>Red Clearance Interval</div> <div> $\omega \text{ Red interval} = \frac{W}{V} \quad \begin{matrix} W = \text{width of intersection, in feet} \\ V = \text{design speed*}, \text{ in ft/sec} \end{matrix}$ <p>If the initial calculation results in an all red time longer than 3.0 seconds, recalculate the red time as follows:</p> $\text{Recalculated red interval} = \frac{1}{2}(\frac{W}{V} - 3) + 3$ <p>Round up to nearest 0.1 second.</p> <p>Minimum red clearance interval is 1.0 seconds.</p> <p>Hold stakeholder discussion** when recalculated red clearance interval is longer than 4.0 seconds.</p> </div> </div> | <div> <div>Notes</div> <div> <p>Where existing times are higher than calculated times, use the calculated values unless there is a documented history of the need for higher times. If approach is high speed and existing times are significantly higher than the calculated times, use the calculated values but consider adding a note to the plan to direct field forces to reduce the time incrementally.</p> <p>Include in the note how much and how often to reduce time until the final value is reached. (Ex. Existing Yellow Change Interval for phase 2 may be decreased by 0.2 seconds per week until the required value is reached.)</p> <p>Where revising a location or adding a new signal along a corridor, consider comparing clearance times at adjacent intersections to new calculations to meet driver expectations.</p> </div> </div> |

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|---|---|
| <div>Sources:</div> <div> <div>Traffic Engineering Handbook, Fifth Edition, Institute of Transportation Engineers, 1999.</div> </div> | <div> <div>A Policy on Geometric Design of Highways and Streets, Fourth Edition, American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials, 2001.</div> </div> |
|---|---|

| | | |
|-------------------------|---|------------------|
| <div>7-09</div> | <div>Change and Clearance Intervals</div> | |
| | <div> <div>SIGNAL DESIGN SECTION</div> <div>TRANSPORTATION MOBILITY AND SAFETY DIVISION</div> <div>NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION</div> </div> | |
| | <div>STD. NO.</div> | <div>5.2.2</div> |
| <div>SHEET 4 OF 4</div> | | |

$$\text{minimum yellow duration} = t + v/(2a + 64.4g)$$

Where

t = perception reaction time, fixed at t = 1.5s according to STD 5.2.2

a = deceleration rate, fixed at 11.2 ft/s² according to STD 5.2.2

v = speed limit (in ft/s)

g = grade which is the rise over the run. Where 0 is level, and 1.0 is a 45 degree incline, -1.0 is a 45 degree downhill.

Calculate the minimum yellow light duration at the intersection of Cary Town Blvd and Convention (the Mall Entrance). The speed limit signs say 45 mph.

v = 45 miles/hour * 5280 ft/mile * 1 hour / 3600 seconds = 66 ft/s

g = 0.0 The road is level.

a = deceleration rate. From STD 5.2.2 fixed at 11.2 ft/s²

minimum yellow light duration

$$= 1.5 \text{ s} + 66/(2 * 11.2 + 64.4 * 0)$$

$$= 1.5\text{s} + 66/(22.4 + 0)$$

$$= 1.5\text{s} + 2.94\text{s}$$

$$= 4.5\text{s} \text{ (rounded up to nearest .1 s as directed by STD 5.2.2, Sheet 4 of 4)}$$

The current duration is 4.0s according to the signal plan.

According to stop watches, 3.9s is the duration of this yellow.

In all cases, the current duration is shorter than the NCDOT Design Manual requires.

Therefore, the red light camera operating at Cary Town Blvd and Convention fails the requirement of SL2004-141, SL2001-286 and the Cary Town Charter 8.15. Therefore, it is illegal for the Town of Cary to collect money from this traffic light.

It has been illegal to collect money since the inception of this camera in February 2004.

It is illegal today.

It will be illegal tomorrow.

| STATE | PROJECT NO. | SHEET NO. | TOTAL SHEETS |
|-----------------|-------------|-----------|--------------|
| N.C. | 4.6332069 | 1 | 4 |
| F. A. PROJ. NO. | | N/A | |
| PROJECT D. NO. | | N/A | |

NOTES

1. SIGNAL UPGRADE.
2. REUSE EXISTING EQUIPMENT AS SHOWN.
3. WHEN IN FLASH MODE, ALL SIGNAL FACES FOR SAME APPROACH SHALL FLASH CONCURRENTLY.
4. CONTROLLER SHOULD BE PROGRAMMED TO START UP IN PHASE 2+6 GREEN.
5. SIGNAL TO FLASH FROM 11:00 PM UNTIL 6:00 AM UNLESS OTHERWISE DIRECTED BY AREA TRAFFIC ENGINEER.
6. PAVEMENT MARKING PLANS TO BE PREPARED BY OTHERS.
7. STOPBAR LOCATIONS ON ALL APPROACHES ARE EXISTING.
8. NO COUNTS AVAILABLE.

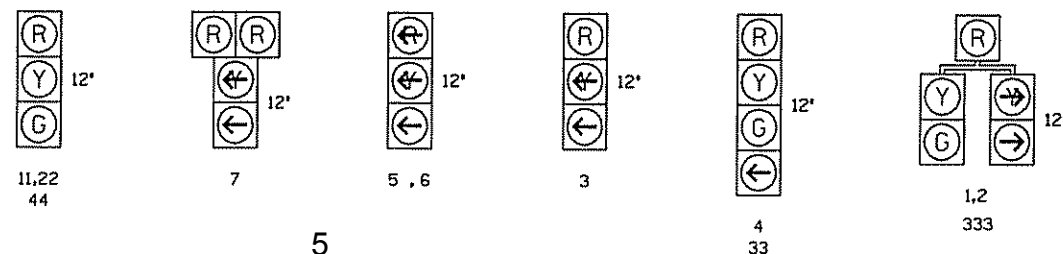
LEGEND

| PROPOSED | EXISTING |
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| (A) LEFT ARROW "ONLY" SIGN (30"x36") R3-5L (B) COMBINATION VERTICAL AND LEFT ARROW SIGN (30"x36") R3-6L (C) "LEFT TURN SIGNAL" SIGN (30"x36") R10-10L (D) U "TURN MUST YIELD" SYMBOL SIGN (24"x30") R3-27 | |

LOOP INSTALLATION CHART

| LOOP NO. | SIZE | TURNS | DIST. FROM STOPBAR | FUNCTION | ATTACHED TO AMP. NO. | AMPLIFIER STATUS | SPECIAL FEATURES | AMP. TIMING DELAY/STRETCH | LOOP STATUS |
|----------|----------|-------|--------------------|----------|----------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| 1 | 6' x 32' | 2 | 70' | 02 | 1 | EXISTING | | SEC. | EXISTING |
| 2 | 6' x 32' | 2 | 70' | 06 | 9 | NEW | | SEC. | EXISTING |
| 3, 4 | 6' x 60' | 1 | 5' BEYOND | 04 | 2 | EXISTING | | SEC. | EXISTING |
| 5 | 6' x 15' | 2 | 5' BEYOND | 04 | 3 | EXISTING | CALL DELAY | 15 SEC. | EXISTING |
| 6 | 6' x 15' | 2 | 5' BEYOND | 03 | 4 | NEW | CALL DELAY | 15 SEC. | EXISTING |
| 7 | 6' x 60' | 1 | 5' BEYOND | 03 | 5 | EXISTING | | SEC. | EXISTING |
| 8 | 6' x 60' | 1 | 5' BEYOND | 03 | 6 | NEW | CALL DELAY | 15 SEC. | EXISTING |
| 9 | 6' x 60' | 1 | 5' BEYOND | 01 | 7 | EXISTING | | SEC. | EXISTING |
| 10 | 6' x 60' | 1 | 5' BEYOND | 05 | 8 | EXISTING | | SEC. | EXISTING |
| 11 | 6' x 25' | 2-4-2 | 5' BEYOND | 01 | 10 | NEW/DIGITAL | QUADRUPOLE | SEC. | NEW |
| 12 | 6' x 25' | 2 | 30' | 01 | 10 | NEW/DIGITAL | | SEC. | NEW |
| 13 | 6' x 25' | 2 | 65' | 01 | 10 | NEW/DIGITAL | | SEC. | NEW |
| 14 | 6' x 25' | 2-4-2 | 5' BEYOND | 03 | 11 | NEW/DIGITAL | QUADRUPOLE | SEC. | NEW |
| 15 | 6' x 25' | 2 | 30' | 03 | 11 | NEW/DIGITAL | | SEC. | NEW |
| 16 | 6' x 25' | 2 | 65' | 03 | 11 | NEW/DIGITAL | | SEC. | NEW |

SIGNAL FACE I.D.



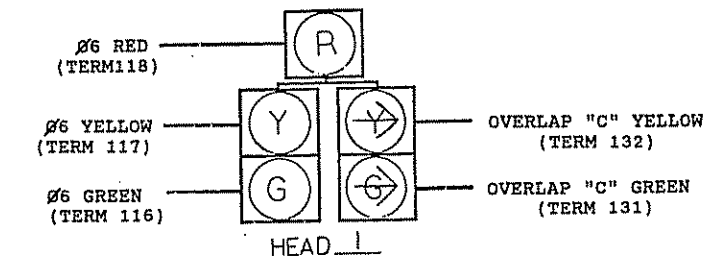
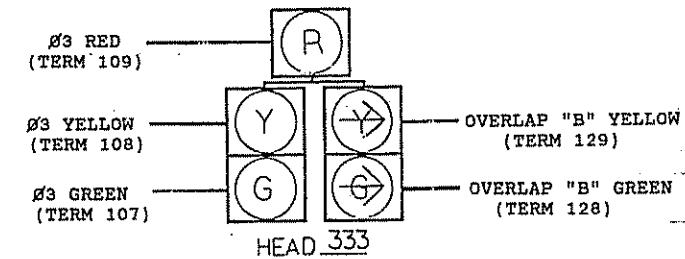
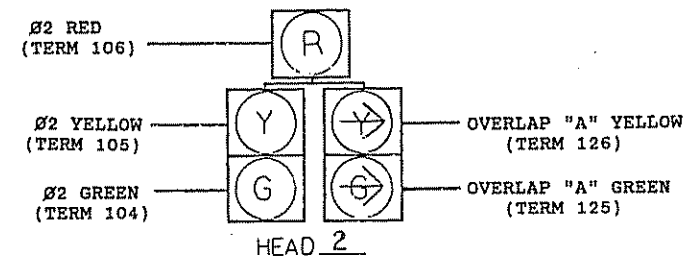
SIGNAL UPGRADE

CORR. FILE NO. 05-90-71

| | | |
|--|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| SR 1497 (WESTERN BOULEVARD EXT.) AND CONVENTION DRIVE - PRINCIPAL LANE | | |
| DIV. 05 | WAKE COUNTY | CARY |
| SCALE 1"=50' | N. C. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION | REVISIONS |
| DATE 05-20-91 | DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS | |
| DWG. BY TGP | TRAFFIC ENGINEERING BRANCH | CADD 11/2 11/2/91/04/05/05/07/2 |
| DESIGN BY TGP | | REV. NO. 05-0873 |
| APPROVED <i>[Signature]</i> | | |

5 SECTION RIGHT TURN
SIGNAL WIRING DETAIL

(WIRE AS SHOWN)



CABINET WIRING NOTES

1. ADD A LOADSWITCH TO THE FOLLOWING LOADSWITCH POSITIONS:
LS3, LS9, LS10, AND LS11.

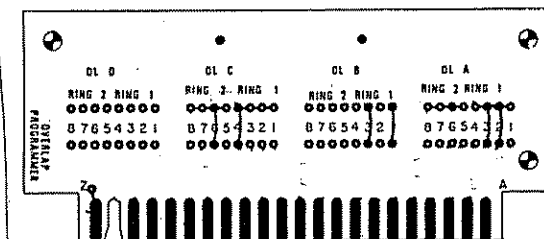
THE FOLLOWING LOADSWITCH POSITIONS SHOULD BE EMPTY:
LS7, LS8, LS12, LS13, LS14, LS15, LS16.
2. PHASES 1, 5, 3, 4 AND OVERLAPS "A", "B", & "C" SHALL BE WIRED TO FLASH RED. PHASES 2 AND 6 SHALL BE WIRED TO FLASH YELLOW.
3. TO PREVENT RED FAILURE ON UNUSED MONITOR CHANNELS TIE UNUSED LOADSWITCH RED OUTPUTS TO LOADSWITCH AC+ BY MAKING THE FOLLOWING JUMPER CONNECTIONS IN A "DAISY-CHAIN" TYPE ARRANGEMENT.

IMPORTANT: THIS JUMPER ARRANGEMENT WAS DESIGNED ASSUMING ALL UNUSED PHASES AND OVERLAPS HAVE BEEN CHANGED TO FLASH RED. IF THEY ARE NOT MADE TO FLASH RED, THIS JUMPER ARRANGEMENT WILL NOT BE VALID.

INSTALL A JUMPER:
FROM TERM F-21 (LS7 RED OUT) TO TERM F-22 (LS 8 RED OUT)
FROM TERM F-22 (LS8 RED OUT) TO TERM F-36 (LS12 RED OUT)
FROM TERM F-36 (LS12 RED OUT) TO TERM F-27 (LOADSWITCH AC+)
- NOTE: ALL FLASH TRANSFER RELAYS MUST BE IN PLACE.
4. THE CONTROLLER SHALL BE PROGRAMMED TO "START-UP" IN PHASES 2+6 GREEN.
5. A POWER UP FLASH TIME OF 10 SECONDS SHALL BE SET AND IMPLEMENTED ON THE CONFLICT MONITOR.

| FIELD CONNECTION HOOK-UP CHART | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----|------|--------------------|------|-----|------|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|----|----|
| CONTR. PHASE | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | OLA | OLB | OLC | OLD | P2 | F4 | F6 | F8 |
| SIGNAL HEAD NO. | 5,6 | 2,22 | 3,33 333 | 4,44 | 7 | 1,11 | NU | NU | 2 | 333 | 1 | NU | NU | NU | NU | NU |
| GREEN | | 104 | 33,333 only 107 | 110 | 116 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| YELLOW | | 105 | 33,333 only 108 | 111 | 117 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| RED | | 106 | 109 | 112 | 115 | 118 | | | | | | | | | | |
| GREEN ARROW | 101 | | 3,33 only 107 | 110 | 113 | | | | 125 | 128 | 131 | | | | | |
| YELLOW ARROW | 102 | | 3,33 only 108 | 111 | 114 | | | | 126 | 129 | 132 | | | | | |
| RED ARROW | 103 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

NU = NOT USED

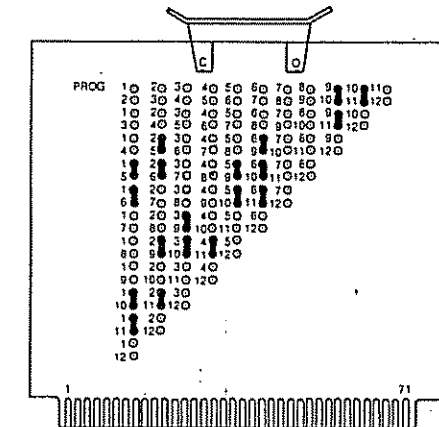


NEMA OVERLAP PROGRAMMING CARD
(INSTALL JUMPERS AS SHOWN)

NEMA CONFLICT MONITOR

PROGRAMMING CARD

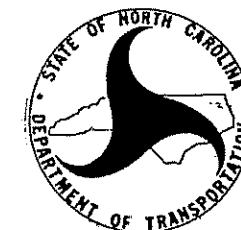
(INSTALL JUMPERS SHOWN)



CABINET MANUF: CONTROL TECH.
CABINET MOUNT: BASE
LOADBAY POSITIONS: 16
PHASES USED: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6
OL/A=Ø2+3
OL/B=Ø1+3
OL/C=Ø4+6
OL/D=NU

NU = NOT USED

ALL CABINET TERMINAL
DESIGNATIONS ARE FOR
CONTROL TECHNOLOGIES
8 PHASE, 16 POSITION
BASE MOUNTED CABINETS



ELECTRICAL AND PROGRAMMING DETAIL FOR:
SR 1497 (WESTERN BOULEVARD EXT.)
AND
CONVENTION DR. - PRINCIPAL LANE

DIV. 05 WAKE CO. CARY

SCALE: N/A
DATE: 6-6-91
DWG. BY: TDP
DESIGN BY: MWH-TDP
APPROVED: [Signature]
N. C. DEPARTMENT OF
TRANSPORTATION
DIVISION OF HIGHWAYS
TRAFFIC ENGINEERING
BRANCH

REVISIONS
[Table with 2 columns: REVISIONS, DATE]
S/G
REV. NO. 05-0873

The Real Issue

The real issue is safety.

I would like to think that Cary installed the cameras to promote safety. But what my research has revealed is that the presence of the red light cameras only increases accidents. Specifically rear end collisions. That is what the statistics of five separate studies showed:

<http://blog.motorists.org/red-light-cameras-increase-accidents-5-studies-that-prove-it/>

So safety is not a motivation to install cameras.

There is a redeeming quality about the cameras. A very important one. Because these cameras are independent precision monitoring devices, they generate data which flush out problems with the signals themselves. In my case, an improperly set yellow light interval. According to Cary's own citation statistics, a 0.5 second short fall in the duration of a yellow light increases the likelihood that drivers will run the red light by a factor of 2. A 1.0 second short fall, and drivers running reds increases by a factor of 4. A 1.5 second short fall, a factor of 8. The number of accidents, the number of people being killed, increases by that same factor.

If the Town of Cary is really interested in preventing accidents, the Town of Cary should demand that the NCDOT set the yellow durations properly. It is properly set yellow durations that prevents drivers from running over people.